

Safety Data Sheet

Lead (II) Acetate Trihydrate

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Lead (II) Acetate Trihydrate

Synonyms/Generic Names: Lead Acetate; Lead (II) trihydrate; Acetic acid lead (II) salt, trihydrate

SDS Number: 398.00

Product Use: For Educational Use Only

Manufacturer: Columbus Chemical Industries, Inc.

N4335 Temkin Rd. Columbus, WI. 53925

For More Information Contact: Ward's Science

5100 West Henrietta Rd. PO Box 92912-9012 Rochester, NY 14692

(800) 962-2660 (Monday-Friday 7:30-7:00 Eastern Time)

In Case of Emergency Call: CHEMTREC - 800-424-9300 or 703-527-3887 (24 Hours/Day, 7 Days/Week)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA Hazards: Target organ effect, Carcinogen, Teratogen, Reproductive hazard

Target Organs: Blood, Central nervous system, Peripheral nervous system, Gastrointestinal tract, Skeletal

muscle, Kidney, Female reproductive system, Male reproductive system

Signal Word: Danger

Pictograms:





GHS Classification:

Acute toxicity, Oral	Category 5
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1A
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1

GHS Label Elements, including precautionary statements:

Hazard Statements:

H303	May be harmful if swallowed.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.

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Precautionary Statements:

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Potential Health Effects

Eyes	Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation	May be harmful if inhaled. Causes respiratory tract irritation.
Skin	May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	May be harmful if swallowed.

NFPA Ratings

Health	2	
Flammability	1	
Reactivity	0	
Specific hazard	Not Available	

HMIS Ratings

Health	2
Fire	1
Reactivity	0
Personal	Е

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	Weight %	CAS#	EINECS# / ELINCS#	Formula	Molecular Weight
Lead Acetate Trihydrate	100	6080-56-4	206-104-4	C ₄ H ₆ O ₄ Pb · 3H ₂ O	379.33 g/mol

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Eyes	Rinse with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and seek medical attention.
Inhalation	Move casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not
	breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.
Skin	Flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and
	wash using soap. Get medical attention.
Ingestion	Do Not Induce Vomiting! Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If
_	conscious, wash out mouth with water. Get medical attention.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media	May be combustible at high temperature. Use water spray, alcohol- resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Use appropriate media for adjacent fire. Cool containers with water.	
Special protective equipment	Wear self-contained, approved breathing apparatus and full protective	
and precautions for firefighters	clothing, including eye protection and boots.	
Specific hazards arising from	Emits toxic fumes (carbon oxides, lead oxides) under fire conditions.	
the chemical	(See also Stability and Reactivity section).	

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	See section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment.	
Environmental precautions	Prevent spillage from entering drains. Any release to the environment	
	may be subject to federal/national or local reporting requirements.	
Methods and materials for	Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and place	

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containment and cleaning up	in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Clean surfaces thoroughly with		
	water to remove residual contamination. Dispose of all waste and cleanup		
	materials in accordance with regulations.		

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

See section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after using. Keep container closed when not in use. Avoid formation of dusts.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool, dry well ventilated area. Keep away from incompatible materials (see section 10 for incompatibilities).

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure controls:

Component	Exposure Limits	Basis	Entity
Lead Acetate Trihydrate	0.05 mg/m ³	TLV	ACGIH
	0.05 mg/m ³	REL	NIOSH

TWA: Time Weighted Average over 8 hours of work. TLV: Threshold Limit Value over 8 hours of work.

REL: Recommended Exposure Limit PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit during x minutes. IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health WEEL: Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels

CEIL: Ceiling

Personal Protection

Eyes	Wear chemical safety glasses or goggles.
Inhalation	Provide local exhaust, preferably mechanical. If exposure levels are excessive, use an approved respirator.
Skin	Wear nitrile or rubber gloves, apron or lab coat.
Other	Not Available

Other Recommendations

Provide eyewash stations, quick-drench showers and washing facilities accessible to areas of use and handling.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance (physical state, color, etc.)	White solid.
Odor	Acetic-like.
Odor threshold	Not Available
pH	Not Available
Melting point/freezing point	75°C (167°F)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not Available
Flash point	Not Flammable
Evaporation rate	Not Available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Flammable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limit	Not Explosive

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Vapor pressure	Not Available
Vapor density	Not Available
Density	2.55 (Water = 1)
Solubility (ies)	Soluble in cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not Available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not Available
Decomposition temperature	100°C (212°F)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability	Stable
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions	Will not occur.
Conditions to Avoid	Not Available
Incompatible Materials	Strong oxidizing agent, strong acids.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Carbon oxides, lead oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Skin	Not Available
Eyes	Not Available
Respiratory	Not Available
Ingestion	LD50 Oral - rat - 4,665 mg/kg

Carcinogenicity

IARC	2A - Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans (Lead acetate trihydrate).
ACGIH	A3: Animal carcinogen (Lead acetate trihydrate).
NTP	2: Reasonably anticipated to be carcinogen s(Lead acetate trihydrate).
OSHA	No components of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified
	as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Signs & Symptoms of Exposure

Skin	Irritation, redness, itchiness, abrasion.
Eyes	Irritation, redness, watering eyes, itchiness.
Respiratory	Irritation, coughing, wheezing.
Ingestion	Irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea.

^{*}Lead salts have been reported to cross the placenta and to induce embryo- and feto- mortality. They also have teratogenic effect in some animal species. No teratogenic effects have been reported with exposure to organometallic lead compounds. Adverse effects of lead on human reproduction, embryonic and fetal development, and postnatal (e.g., mental) development have been reported. Excessive exposure can affect blood, nervous, and digestive systems. The synthesis of hemoglobin is inhibited and results in anemia. If left untreated, neuromuscular dysfunction, possible paralysis, and encephalopathy can result. Additional symptoms of overexposure include: joint and muscle pain, weakness of the extensor muscles (frequently the hand and wrist), headache, dizziness, abdominal pain, diarrhea, constipation, nausea, vomiting, blue line on the gums, insomnia, and metallic taste. High body levels produce increased cerebrospinal pressure, brain damage, and stupor leading to coma and often death. May cause convulsions.

Chronic Toxicity	Possible carcinogen. May cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, the nervous system, the reproductive system, central nervous system.
Teratogenicity	Classified possible for human. Passes through the placental barrier in
	animal. Excreted in maternal milk in animal.
Mutagenicity	Not Available
Embryotoxicity	Passes through the placental barrier in animal.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	Not Available
Reproductive Toxicity	Classified Reproductive system/toxin/female, Reproductive
	system/toxin/male.
Respiratory/Skin Sensitization Not Available	

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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic Vertebrate	Not Available
Aquatic Invertebrate	Not Available
Terrestrial	Not Available

Persistence and Degradability	Not Available
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not Available
Mobility in Soil	Not Available
PBT and vPvB Assessment	Not Available
Other Adverse Effects	Not Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Residues	Users should review their operations in terms of the applicable federal/national or local regulations and consult with appropriate regulatory agencies if necessary before disposing of waste products or residues.
Product	Users should review their operations in terms of the applicable federal/national or
Containers	local regulations and consult with appropriate regulatory agencies if necessary
	before disposing of waste product container.

The information offered in section 13 is for the product as shipped. Use and/or alterations to the product may significantly change the characteristics of the material and alter the waste classification and proper disposal methods.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

US DOT	UN1616, Lead acetate, 6.1, pg III
TDG	UN1616, LEAD ACETATE, 6.1, pg III
IMDG	UN1616, LEAD ACETATE, 6.1, pg III
Marine Pollutant	No
IATA/ICAO	UN1616, Lead acetate, 6.1, pg III

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA Inventory Status	All ingredients are listed on the TSCA inventory.	
DSCL (EEC)	All ingredients are listed on the DSCL inventory.	
California Proposition 65	Listed: Lead acetate trihydrate	
SARA 302	Not Listed	
SARA 304	Not Listed	
SARA 311	Lead acetate trihydrate	
SARA 312	Lead acetate trihydrate	
SARA 313	Not Listed	
WHMIS Canada	CLASS D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (TOXIC).	
	CLASS D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).	

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision	Date
Revision 1	01/09/2013

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